

Science Year 2 Summer 2: Animals Including Humans

Key Vocabulary to learn and use in our learning

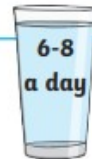
| Word | Definition |
|------------|--|
| life cycle | The changes living things go through to become an adult. |
| offspring | The child of an animal. |
| young | Offspring that has not reached adulthood. |
| live young | Offspring that has not hatched from an egg. |
| hygiene | How clean something is (to stay healthy and stop disease and illness spreading). |
| exercise | A physical activity to keep your body fit. |
| nutrition | Food needed to live |
| diet | The food and water that an animal needs. |



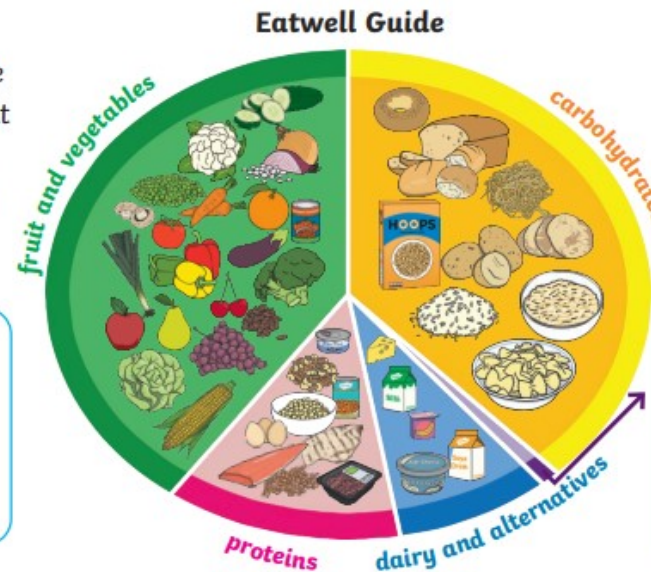
Florence Nightingale (12th May 1820-13th August 1910) was an English nurse. She helped to create the modern techniques of nursing and was known as the 'Lady with the Lamp' because of her night rounds during the Crimean War, where she helped many wounded soldiers.

Key knowledge to learn and use

To grow into a healthy adult, we must eat the right types of food in the right amount and **exercise**.



Water, lower fat milk and sugar-free drinks.



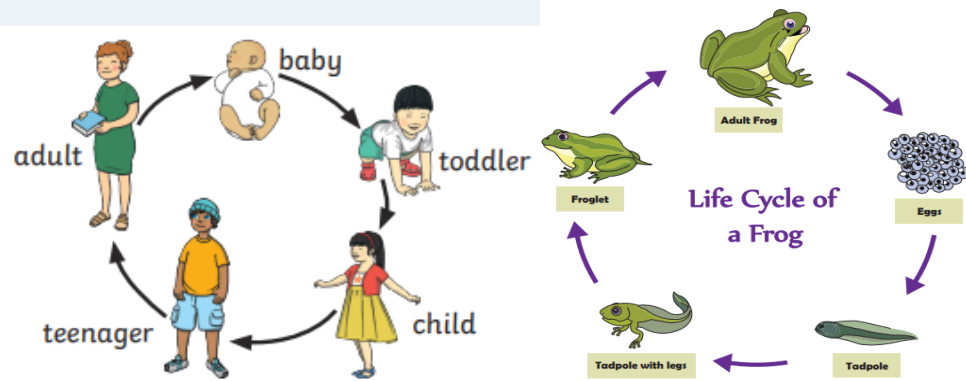
Eat less often and in small amounts.



oil and spreads
Choose unsaturated oils and use in small amounts.



All young animals change at different stages as they grow into adults.



Some animals give birth to **live young**.

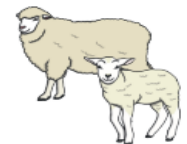


Some animals lay eggs which the **young** hatch from.



Both of these types of **young** then **develop** into **adults**.

Some **offspring** look like their **adult** when they are born.



Some **offspring** do not look like their **adult** when they are born.

